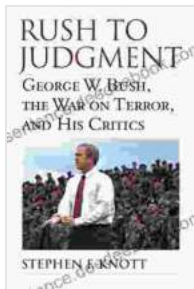# George Bush: The War on Terror and His Critics

On September 11, 2001, the world witnessed a horrific act of terrorism that changed the course of history. In the aftermath of the attacks, President George W. Bush launched the War on Terror, a global campaign aimed at combating terrorism and preventing future attacks. The war encompassed military operations, intelligence gathering, and diplomatic efforts, and had a profound impact on the world.

Rush to Judgment: George W. Bush, The War on Terror, and His Critics by Stephen F. Knott

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

Language	: English
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Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
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Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
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Origins of the War on Terror

The War on Terror was conceived as a response to the attacks of September 11th. The attacks, which were carried out by the terrorist group al-Qaeda, killed nearly 3,000 people and sparked a global outcry against terrorism.

In the wake of the attacks, President Bush declared that the United States would "not tolerate" terrorism and that the United States would "find and destroy" al-Qaeda. He also outlined a number of measures that would be taken to combat terrorism, including increased security at airports and borders, the creation of a new Department of Homeland Security, and the launch of military operations in Afghanistan.

Afghanistan and Iraq

The War on Terror began with the invasion of Afghanistan in October 2001. The invasion was launched with the goal of overthrowing the Taliban regime, which was providing safe haven to al-Qaeda. The United States succeeded in overthrowing the Taliban, but the war in Afghanistan continued for many years.

In 2003, the United States invaded Iraq, claiming that Iraq possessed weapons of mass destruction and was a threat to the United States. However, no weapons of mass destruction were ever found in Iraq, and the war became increasingly unpopular.

Criticisms of the War on Terror

The War on Terror has been criticized on many fronts. Critics have argued that the war has been too expensive, too broad, and too counterproductive.
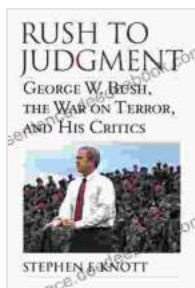
Critics have pointed to the fact that the War on Terror has cost the United States trillions of dollars, both in direct military spending and in long-term costs such as veterans' benefits. They have also argued that the war has been too broad, leading to military action in many countries that were not directly involved in the September 11th attacks.

Additionally, critics have argued that the War on Terror has been counterproductive, creating more terrorists than it has killed.

Legacy of the War on Terror

The War on Terror has had a lasting impact on the world. The war has led to the deaths of thousands of people, both civilians and soldiers. It has also caused widespread displacement and economic disruption. The war has also had a significant impact on civil liberties, both in the United States and abroad.

The War on Terror is a complex issue with no easy answers. Critics have argued that the war has been too expensive, too broad, and too counterproductive. However, the war has also had some positive effects, such as the overthrow of the Taliban regime in Afghanistan. The legacy of the War on Terror will continue to be debated for many years to come.
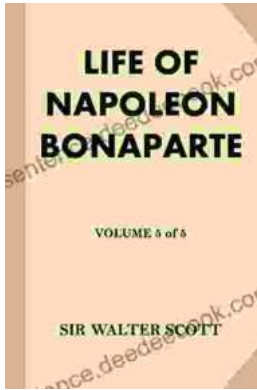
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